LOS ANGELES GENERAL MEDICAL CENTER POLICY

				Page 1	Of	7
Subject:		Original		Policy #		
•		Issue Date:	4/14/03		400.	3
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND		Supersedes:		Effective D	ate:	
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION			5/9/17		2/5/2	24
Policy Owner(s): Director of Health Information Management						
Senior Executive Sponsor(s): Chief Operations Officer						
Departments Consulted:	Reviewed & appro	ved by:	Approved b	oy:		
Health Information Management	Attending Staff As	sociation	ation			
HIPAA Compliance Office Executive Committee Chief O		perations (Office	r		
Health Information Committee	Senior Executive (Officer				
			Chief E	Executive C	Office	

PURPOSE

To establish a Los Angeles General Medical Center policy regarding the use and disclosure of protected health information (PHI), and necessary authorization under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA Privacy Standards) for such use or disclosure, when the use or disclosure is for purposes outside of those permitted relating to treatment, payment, or health care operations, or under other provisions of the HIPAA Privacy Rule.

POLICY

It is the policy of the Los Angeles General Medical Center to obtain an individual's written authorization before using or disclosing PHI for purposes other than treatment, payment, or healthcare operations, except as permitted by the HIPAA Privacy Rule. Use and disclosure of an individual's PHI will be consistent with the valid authorization obtained from that patient.

DEFINITIONS

P	ro	tected	<u>Health</u>
Ξ	_	2.	/51111

Information (PHI) Individually identifiable information relating to past, present, or future physical

or mental health or condition of an individual, provision of health care to an individual, or the past, present, or future payment for health care provided to

an individual.

Authorization The signed authorization language used by the Medical Center to obtain an

individual's permission prior to using or disclosing that individual's PHI for purposes that do not fall within the definitions of treatment, payment, or health

care operations activities, and other purposes that do not require the

individual's permission.

Disclose or

Disclosure With respect to PHI, the release of, transfer of, provision of access to, or

divulging in any manner PHI outside of the Medical Center's internal

operations or to other than its workforce members.

Use or Uses With respect to PHI, the sharing, employment, application, utilization,

examination, or analysis of such information within the Medical Center's

internal operations.

		Page	2	Of	7
Subject:	Effective Date:	Policy 7	#		
Subject:	2/5/24		4	100.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's In	itials:			
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION					

Marketing

To make a communication about a product or service for the purpose of which is to encourage recipients of the communication to purchase or use the product or service. Marketing excludes a communication made to an individual:

- To describe the entities participating in a health care provider Medical Center or health plan Medical Center, or to describe if, and the extent to which, a product or service (or payment for such product or service) is provided by a covered entity or included in a plan of benefits;
- For the treatment of that individual; or
- For case management or care coordination for the individual, or to direct or recommend alternate treatments, therapies, health care providers, or settings of care to that individual.

PROCEDURE

Authorization Form

The language of the authorization shall be in the form as provided in the DHS *Authorization for Use or Disclosure of Protected Health Information* form (Attachment A).

To be valid, an authorization must contain the elements listed below.

- Description of PHI: A specific, meaningful description of the PHI to be used or disclosed.
- Identity of Disclosing Party: The name or other specific identification of the person(s) or class of persons authorized to disclose the PHI.
- Identity of Recipient: The name or other specific identification of the person(s), or class of persons authorized to use or otherwise receive the PHI.
- Purpose of Use or Disclosure: A description of each purpose of the requested use or disclosure, including limitations on the recipient's use of the PHI, if any.
- Expiration Date: The end date for the permission granted by the authorization, which must be a specific date or event after which the Medical Center is no longer authorized to disclose the PHI.
- Statement of Right to Revoke: The authorization must include a statement that the individual has a right to revoke the authorization. The statement must also explain how revocation is accomplished, including that it must be in writing, and tell the individual about exceptions applicable to the revocation. These exceptions are listed below in "Implementation of Revocation."
- **Signature:** Signature of the individual and date of signature. An authorization signed by a personal representative of the individual must include a description of the personal representative's authority to act for the individual.

		Page	3	Of	7
Cubicat	Effective Date:	Policy #	<i>‡</i>		
Subject:	2/5/24		4	100.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's Ini	itials:			
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION					

Authorization as a Condition: The authorization must state that the Medical Center cannot condition treatment, payment, enrollment in the health plan, or eligibility for benefits on obtaining a signed authorization. Exception: The Medical Center may condition the provision of research-related treatment on obtaining an authorization to use or disclose PHI created for that research-related treatment.

- Redisclosure: The authorization must state that the PHI disclosed to others may not be further used or disclosed by the recipient unless the individual signs a new authorization, or such use or disclosure is specifically required or permitted by law.
- **Copy:** The authorization must state that an individual signing the authorization has the right to receive a copy of it.

Obtaining Authorization

- The Medical Center shall provide the Authorization form upon a patient's request or in conjunction with any authorization initiated by the Medical Center for the disclosure of PHI.
- If the patient initiates the authorization, the Medical Center shall establish the identity of the requestor in accordance with its policy regarding verification of identity and authority.
- 3. The Medical Center shall explain the authorization language to the patient or personal representative and obtain the required signatures on the Authorization form.
- 4. The Medical Center shall ensure that all listed required elements are completed.
- 5. The Medical Center shall provide the patient or personal representative a copy of the signed Authorization form.
- 6. The Medical Center shall ensure that all authorizations are valid. An authorization is not valid, or is no longer valid, and may not be relied upon to use or disclose PHI, if any of the following conditions exist:
 - The expiration date has passed;
 - Any required element for a valid authorization is missing;
 - The Medical Center has received written revocation of the authorization;
 - The Medical Center knows that important information in the authorization is false; or
 - The authorization violates restrictions on compound authorizations.
- 7. The Medical Center shall ensure that the authorization does not violate restrictions on compound authorizations. A HIPAA authorization applies only to the use or disclosure of PHI and may be combined with another type of written permission only as follows:
 - An authorization for use and disclosure of PHI for a research study may be combined with any other written permission for the same research study, such as the patient consent to participate in the research study, so long as the HIPAA authorization portion is clearly separate from any other language present on the same page and is executed by a signature for the sole purpose of executing the authorization.

		Page	4	Of	7
Subject:	Effective Date:	Policy #	#		
Subject.	2/5/24		4	100.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's In	itials:			
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION					

- 8. The Medical Center may not condition the provision of health care on obtaining an authorization even if the only purpose of providing health care is to create PHI for disclosure to a third party (e.g., fitness for duty, school or summer camp physical, pre-employment examinations).
 - The Medical Center will disclose the PHI directly to the patient, unless the Medical Center receives a signed HIPAA authorization from the patient for the disclosure to the third party.
- The Medical Center may not condition the individual's treatment upon obtaining an authorization. Exception: The Medical Center may condition the provision of researchrelated treatment on obtaining an authorization to use or disclose PHI created for that research-related treatment.
- 10. The Medical Center shall obtain an authorization for any use or disclosure of PHI for marketing, except if the marketing communication is in the form of:
 - Face-to-face communications with the patient by the Medical Center; or
 - A gift to the patient from the Medical Center of nominal value, e.g., a pen with the Medical Center logo.

If the marketing involves direct or indirect remuneration to the Medical Center from a third party, the authorization must state that such remuneration is involved.

Implementation of Revocation

- 1. A patient may revoke or modify his or her authorization in writing.
- A modification or revocation is valid, except to the extent the Medical Center has taken action in reliance on such authorization.
- 3. The individual may use the Revocation of Authorization section at the bottom of the Authorization form or write his or her own revocation.

Use and Disclosure of HIV Antibody Test Results

Except as specifically set forth below, HIV antibody test results, whether positive or negative, or even the fact that an HIV antibody test was ordered, may be disclosed only pursuant to a valid, written authorization.

- 1. Use and Disclosure of HIV Antibody Test Results Pursuant to a Written Authorization
 - To be valid, the authorization must be signed by the same individual who validly signed the consent for the HIV antibody test and who is one of the following:
 - An adult with medical decision-making capacity;
 - A minor who is twelve (12) years of age or older and mature enough to give effective informed consent to an HIV test;
 - A parent or legal guardian for a minor under twelve (12) years of age; or
 - A conservator or agent pursuant to a power of attorney for health care.

		Page	5	Of	7
Cubicat	Effective Date:	Policy :	#		
Subject:	2/5/24		4	100.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's Initials:				
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION					

- Additionally, the authorization must specifically state that it authorizes the use or disclosure of HIV test results and must be signed by a witness.
- A general authorization for the use and disclosure of medical records is <u>not</u> sufficient to authorize use or disclosure of HIV antibody test results.
- If a general authorization for use or disclosure of medical information is received that
 does not specifically authorize the use or disclosure of HIV test results, the HIV test
 results must be redacted from the information that is used or disclosed (if any) and may
 not be used or disclosed.
- A separate written authorization must be obtained for each use and disclosure of an HIV test result.

2. Exceptions to the Written Authorization Requirement

HIV test results may, but are not required to, be disclosed to the following persons without the written authorization of the test subject:

- Subject of test or the subject's representative, conservator, or to any person authorized to consent to the test;
- Subject's provider of health care for the purpose of diagnosis, care, or treatment of the patient (but not to a health care plan);
- An agent or employee of the test subject's provider of health care who provides direct patient care and treatment;
- A provider of health care who procures, processes, distributes, or uses a human body part donated pursuant to the Uniform Anatomical Gift Act, as well as to a procurement organization, a coroner, or a medical examiner in conjunction with such donation;
- The 'designated officer" of an emergency response employee, or from that designated officer to an emergency response employee, regarding possible exposure to HIV or AIDS, but only to the extent necessary to comply with the Ryan White Comprehensive AIDS Resources Emergency Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. Section 201);
- In some instances, to a health care worker who has been exposed to the potentially
 infectious materials of a patient, provided that strict procedures for consent and testing
 are followed. Legal counsel should be consulted with regard to such disclosures;
- A court pursuant to a court order for disclosure of HIV test results of a defendant to a criminal charge; and
- A county health officer (without identifying the individual believed to be infected).

		Page	6	Of	7
Cubiact	Effective Date:	Policy	#		
Subject:	2/5/24		4	400.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's In	itials:			
DISCLOSURE DECLIIDING ALITHODIZATION					

3. Disclosures to Persons at Risk of Infection

In addition to the foregoing, a patient's physician may, but is not required to, disclose a positive HIV antibody test result to specified individuals under circumstances indicating that such individual may be in danger of HIV infection.

- The physician may make a disclosure to the following:
 - Any person known or believed to be the spouse of the test subject;
 - Any person known or believed to be a sexual partner of the test subject; and
 - Any person known or believed to have shared hypodermic needles with the test subject.
- Before disclosing test results under this provision, the physician must do the following:
 - Provide appropriate education and psychological counseling for the test subject;
 - Inform the test subject of the physician's intent to notify such person; and
 - Attempt to obtain voluntary consent from the test subject. If consent cannot be
 obtained, the results may then be disclosed but only for the purpose of obtaining
 care, follow-up, and/or treatment for the person(s) to whom disclosure is made
 and to interrupt the chain of infection.
- The disclosing physician must refer the person notified for appropriate care, counseling, and follow-up. The physician <u>may not</u> disclose any identifying information about the test subject.

Documentation and Retention

The Medical Center shall document and retain all documents required to be created or completed under this policy.

- Signed Authorizations must be retained for at least six (6) years after the date they were last in effect.
- Revocation documents must be retained for at least six (6) years after the date the Medical Center receives the revocation documents.

PROCEDURE DOCUMENTATION

Health Information Management Policy and Procedure Manual

RESPONSIBILITY

Administration
Health Information Management
All Employees

		Page	7	Of	7
Cubicat	Effective Date:	Policy #	#		
Subject:	2/5/24		4	100.3	
PROTECTED HEALTH INFORMATION: USE AND	Chief Executive Officer's Ini	itials:			
DISCLOSURE REQUIRING AUTHORIZATION					

REFERENCES

45 Code of Federal Regulations Part 160 and 164; Section 164.508 "Uses and Disclosures for which an Authorization is Required".

California Civil Code, Sections 56.11(b), (g), (h) and (i); 56.12; 56.17(g)(8); 56.245; 56.31; and 56.37(a).

California Health & Safety Code, 120980(g)

California Welfare & Institutions Code, 5328(b) and (d)

DHS Policy 361.4: "Use and Disclosure of Protected Health Information Requiring Authorization"

<u>ATTACHMENT</u>

Attachment-A: DHS "Authorization For Use And Disclosure Of Protected Health Information" form

REVISION DATES

March 10, 2007; September 25, 2008; November 12, 2013; May 9, 2017; February 5,2024