SOURCE POSITIVE FOR HIV						
Consultation with HIV Attending/Fellow/Staff or post-exposure prophylaxis (PEP) Hotline recommended immediately per						
	facility as needed.					
	If PEP started, draw minimally CBC and Comprehensive Panel at baseline and 2 weeks follow-up.					
	Consider reevaluation within 72 hours after exposure.					
	Workforce member (WFM) will have HIV testing at baseline, 6 weeks and concluding testing at 4 months.					
	Extended HIV follow-up at 12 months recommended for WFMs who become infected with HCV after exposure to a					
	source co-infected with HIV and HCV.					
	HIV tests should be performed for any exposed person who has an illness compatible with an acute retroviral syndrome,					
	regardless of interval since exposure.					
	WFM instructed to avoid blood or tissue donation, breastfeeding, unprotected sex, or pregnancy during the first 6-12					
	weeks following exposure.					
_	CE POSITIVE FOR HCV Source needs HCV RNA if no recent lab result in medical record.					
SOUR	CE POSITIVE FOR HCV RNA					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT at baseline.					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT 4-6 weeks follow-up after exposure, may consider HCV RNA Quantitative.					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT 4-6 months after exposure, if prior tests were negative.					
	If WFM is HCV antibody positive at baseline, inquire and document their prior knowledge of Hep C infection, and refer					
	WFM to primary care provider for further care.					
SOUR	CE POSITIVE OR UNKNOWN FOR HBV (See ATTACHMENT 2 for details)					
	WFM with documentation of complete hepatitis B vaccination series and a positive response to the vaccine series as					
	measured by HbsAb titer $\geq$ 10mIU/mI, no treatment or follow-up is necessary.					
	WFM known non-responder give HBIG x 2 separated by 1 month.					
	If WFM does not have complete hepatitis B vaccination series and/or immunity then WFM needs HBsAg and HbcAb at					
	baseline and 6 months after exposure.					
	WFM does not have complete hepatitis B vaccination series and immunity give HBIG x1 and complete vaccination.					
	Counseling provided regarding importance of hepatitis B vaccination among health care workers. If vaccine is declined then a declination form must be signed.					
SOUR	CE UNKNOWN FOR HIV					
SOUR						
	Counseling regarding risks/benefits of PEP may be obtained through HIV Attending/Fellow/Staff/PEPline.					
	PEP is generally not warranted in cases of unknown status. However, consider PEP for exposures from a source with					
_	HIV risk factors.					
	PEP is generally not warranted in cases of an unknown source person. However, consider PEP in settings where					
_	exposure to HIV-infected persons is likely.					
	Follow-up schedule is same as SOURCE POSITIVE FOR HIV.					
SOUR	CE UNKNOWN FOR HCV RNA					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT at baseline.					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT 4-6 weeks follow-up after exposure, may consider HCV RNA Quantitative.					
	WFM needs HCV Ab and ALT 4-6 months follow-up after exposure, if prior tests at baseline and 4-6 weeks follow-up					
	were negative.					
	If WFM is HCV antibody positive at baseline, then WFM should be referred to primary care provider.					
SOUD	CE NEGATIVE FOR HIV					
	No treatment or follow-up necessary.					
SOUR	CE NEGATIVE HCV RNA					
	No treatment or follow-up necessary.					
SOURCE NEGATIVE FOR HCV Ab						
□ Follow up schedule same as SOURCE POSITIVE FOR HCV RNA, unless source clinically low risk						
SOURCE NEGATIVE FOR HBV (See ATTACHMENT 2)						
□ No treatment or follow-up necessary.						
Consid	ler consultation with the Post-Exposure/PEPline per facility resources. (888)448-4911					
This	s standardized nursing procedure/protocol shall remain in effect for all WFMs of DHS until rescinded.					
EH	S Medical Director's Printed Name:ID #					
EH	S Medical Director's Signature: Effective Date:					

## Standardized Procedures for RN's and Standardized Protocol for LVN's for Post Exposure to Blood and Body Fluids by Hep B Vaccination and Response Status

	Post-Exposure Testing		Post-Exposure Prophylaxis		
Health-Care Personnel Status	Source Patient (HBsAg)	HCP Testing (anti-HBs)	HBIG*	Vaccination	Post-Vaccination Serologic Testing <sup><math>\dagger</math></sup>
Documented responder <sup>§</sup> after complete series (≥ 3 doses)			No Action Needed		
Documented non-responder <sup>¶</sup> after 6 doses	Positive/Unknown	**	HBIG x 2 separated by 1 month	_	NO
	Negative		No Action Needed		
Beenence unknown often 2	Positive/Unknown	<10mIU/mL**	HBIG x 1	Initiate Revaccination	YES
Response unknown after 3 doses	Negative	<10mIU/mL	None	Revaccination	
	Any Result	≥10mIU/mL		No Action Needed	
Unvaccinated/Incompletely vaccinated or vaccine refused	Positive/Unknown	**	HBIG x 1	Complete Vaccination	YES
	Negative		None	Complete Vaccination	YES

## Abbreviations:

**HCP** = Health-Care Personnel; **HBsAg** = Hepatitis B Surface Antigen; **anti-HBs** = antibody to hepatitis B surface antigen; **HBIG** = hepatitis B immune globulin

(\*) HBIG should be administered intramuscularly as soon as possible after exposure when indicated. The effectiveness of HBIG when administered >7 days after percutaneous, mucosal, or non-intact skin exposures is unknown. HBIG dosage is 0.06 mL/kg.

(†) Should be performed 1-2 months after the last dose of the Hep B vaccine series (and 4-6 months after administration of HBIG to avoid detection of passively administered anti-HBs) using a quantitative method that allows detection of the protective concentration of anti-HBs (≥ 10mIU/mL).

(§) A responder is defined as a person with anti-HBs  $\geq$  10mIU/mL after  $\geq$  3 doses of Heb B vaccine.

(¶) A non-responder is defined as a person with anti-HBs  $\geq$ 10mIU/mL after  $\geq$  6 doses of Heb B vaccine.

(\*\*) HCP who have anti-HBs <10mIU/mL, or who are unvaccinated or incompletely vaccinated, and sustain an exposure to a source patient who is HBsAg-positive or has unknown HBsAg status, should undergo baseline testing for HBV infection as soon as possible after exposure, and follow-up testing approximately 6 months later. Initial baseline tests consist of total anti-HBc; testing at approximately 6 months consists of HBsAg and total anti-HBc

This standardized nursing procedure/protocol shall remain in effect for all WFMs of DHS until rescinded.

EHS Medical Director's Printed Name: _	ID #
EHS Medical Director's Signature:	Effective Date: